

Tap-N-Cool Straight Cutting Fluid**SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

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Chemical Nature: Aerosol
Product Name: **Tap-N-Cool Straight Cutting Fluid**
Product Code: CT-SCF
Product Use: Cutting oil spray
Creation Date: **February, 2021**
This version issued: **January 2023** and is valid for 5 years from this date
Poisons Information Centre: **Phone 13 1126** from anywhere in Australia

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Statement of Hazardous Nature**

SUSMP Classification: None allocated

ADG Classification: Class 2.1: Flammable gases.

UN Number: 1950, AEROSOLS

**GHS Signal word: DANGER**

Flammable aerosols Category 1

Skin irritation Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single exposure Category 3

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated exposure Category 1

HAZARD STATEMENT

H222: Extremely flammable aerosol

AUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H229: Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

PREVENTION

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260: Do not breathe fumes, mists, vapours or spray.

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264: Wash contacted areas thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection

RESPONSE

P312: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.

P314: Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.

P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice.

P372: Explosion risk in case of fire.

P381: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

P370+P378: In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam. Water fog or fine spray is the preferred medium for large fires.

STORAGE

P410+P412: Store below 30°C, protect from direct sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

DISPOSAL

P501: If they can not be recycled, dispose of contents to an approved waste disposal plant and containers to and fill (see Section 13 of this SDS).

Statement of Hazardous Nature (New Zealand)

Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020 - HSR002515

DG Classification: Classified as a Dangerous Good for transport in accordance with the Land Transport Rule Dangerous Goods 2005 and NZS 5433:2007

Emergency Overview

Physical Description & Colour: Dark oily liquid, dispensed as an aerosol spray.

Odour: Expected to have a solvent odour.

Major Health Hazards: may cause serious damage to health by prolonged exposure, skin irritant, repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking, vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	CAS No	Conc, %	TWA (mg/m3)	STEL (mg/m3)
Alkanes, C6-8	no data	40-50	not set	not set
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	<5	22500	54000
Other non hazardous ingredients	secret	to 100	not set	not set

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak" is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly

SECTION 4 - FIRST AIR MEASURES

General Information

You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this SDS with you when you call.

Inhalation: First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Skin Contact: Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water (use non-abrasive soap if necessary) for 10-20 minutes or until product is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands and belts) and completely decontaminate them before reuse or discard. If irritation persists, repeat flushing and seek medical attention.

Eye Contact: No effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the product is removed. Obtain medical advice if irritation becomes painful or lasts more than a few minutes. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

Ingestion: If product is swallowed or gets in mouth, do NOT induce vomiting; wash mouth with water and give some water to drink. If symptoms develop, or if in doubt contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Fire and Explosion Hazards: The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen-deficient (or both), fire gases. There is a moderate risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Firefighters should take care and appropriate precautions.

Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

Extinguishing Media: In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, or foam. Water fog or fine spray is the preferred medium for large fires. Try to contain spills, and minimise spillage entering drains or water courses.

Fire Fighting: If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade. There is a danger of a violent reaction or explosion if significant quantities of this product are involved in a fire. Recommended personal protective equipment is full fire kit and breathing apparatus

Flammability Class: Flammable aerosols category 1 (GHS).

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental release: In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses.

Evacuate the spill area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Wear full protective clothing including eye/face protection. All skin areas should be covered. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include rubber, PVC, and Nitrile. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise, as a minimum, protective glasses and, preferably, goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned below (section 8).

Stop the leak if safe to do so, and contain the spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If the spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material from spreading or going into drains or waterways. Take suitable precautions e.g. use of non-sparking equipment to avoid creating sparks or flames which may ignite the spilled material. Leaking gases may form an explosion hazard. Any equipment capable of building an electrostatic charge should be electrically grounded. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable products into labeled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of them promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. After spills, wash the area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. This material may be suitable for an approved landfill. Ensure the legality of disposal by consulting regulations before disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of the nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimize the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling to minimize risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of products with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

Storage: Store in a cool (below 30°C), well-ventilated area. Protect from direct sunlight. Make sure that surrounding electrical devices and switches are suitable. Check containers and valves periodically for leaks. If you keep more than 25kg of flammable gases, you are probably required to license the premises or notify your Dangerous Goods authority. If you have any doubts, we suggest you contact your Dangerous Goods authority in order to clarify your obligations. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: **AS/NZS 4501** set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and AS/NZS 1337, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

SWA Exposure Limits	TWA (mg/m ³)	STEL (mg/m ³)
Carbon Dioxide	22500	54000

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

Ventilation: This product should only be used in a well-ventilated area. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a fan is suggested.

Eye Protection: Eye protection such as protective glasses or goggles is recommended when this product is being used.

Skin Protection: Prevent skin contact by wearing impervious gloves, clothes, and, preferably, aprons. Make sure that all skin areas are covered. See below for suitable material types.

Protective Material Types: We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: rubber, PVC, nitrile.

Respirator: Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above.

Safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Description:	& Dark oily liquid, dispensed as an aerosol spray.
colour:	Expected to have a solvent odour.
Odour:	Expected to have a solvent odour.
Boiling Point:	Not available.
Flash point:	Not available
Upper Flammability Limit:	Not available
Lower Flammability Limit:	Not available
Autoignition temperature:	No data.
Freezing/Melting Point:	No specific data. Liquid at normal
Volatiles:	temperatures. No data.
Vapour Pressure:	No data.
Vapour Density:	No data.
Specific Gravity:	No data.
Water Solubility:	Negligible.
pH:	No data.
Volatility:	No data.
Odour Threshold:	No data.
Evaporation Rate:	No data.
Coeff Oil/water Distribution:	No data
Particle Characteristics:	Not applicable to liquids.

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

Conditions to Avoid: Store below 30°C, protect from direct sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Keep away from sources of sparks or ignition. Any electrical equipment in the area of this product should be flame proofed.

Incompatibilities: oxidising agents.

Fire Decomposition: Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and possibly smoke. Water is also formed. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

Polymerisation: This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Local Effects:

Target Organs: There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.

Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient	Health Hazard Statement Codes
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No ingredient mentioned in the HCIS Database is present in this product at hazardous concentrations.

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation:

Short-Term Exposure: High vapor pressures may cause drowsiness and dizziness. In addition, the product is unlikely to cause any discomfort or irritation. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents of aerosol containers can be harmful or fatal.

Long-Term Exposure: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin Contact:

Short-Term Exposure: A major health effect of this product is misuse of the aerosol function. If sprayed continuously on the skin or in the eyes, it can cause frostbite.

Long-Term Exposure: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye Contact:

Short-Term Exposure: If sprayed directly in the eye, this product will irritate. If spraying is prolonged, it may cause damage through frostbite.

Long-Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long-term ingestion.

Carcinogen Status:

SWA: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA.

NTP: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

IARC: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Insufficient data to be sure of status.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal: Containers should be emptied as completely as practical before disposal. If possible, recycle product and containers either in-house or send to recycle company. If this is not practical, send to a commercial waste disposal site. Do not puncture or incinerate aerosol cans, even when empty.

SECTION 14- TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Dangerous according to the Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

UN Number: 1950 AEROSOLS

Hazchem Code: 2YE

Special Provisions: 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381

Limited quantities: ADG 7 specifies a Limited Quantity value of 1000mL for this class of product

Dangerous Goods Class: Class 2.1: Flammable gases

Packing Group: Not set

Packing Instruction: P207, LP200

Class 2.1 Flammable gases shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 1 (Explosives), 3 (Flammable Liquids) (where both flammable liquids and flammable gases are in bulk), 4.1 (Flammable Solids), 4.2 (Spontaneously Combustible Substances), 4.3 (Dangerous When Wet Substances), 5.1 (Oxidising Agents), 5.2 (Organic Peroxides), and 7 (Radioactive Substances). They may however be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 2.2 (Non-flammable Non-Toxic gases), 3 (Flammable liquids except where both flammable liquids and flammable gases are in bulk), 6 (Toxic Substances), 8 (Corrosive Substances) 9 (Miscellaneous dangerous goods), Foodstuffs and foodstuff empties.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Australia:

AIC: All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with AICIS regulations

New Zealand

Aerosols (Flammable) Group Standard 2020 - HSR002515

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

THIS SDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS SDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.

IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUPPLIERS. OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR PRODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

Australia:

This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (July 2020) and GHS Revision 7

New Zealand

HSNO Approved Code of Practice: Preparation of Safety Data Sheets. New Zealand Chemical Industry Council September 2006.